STROBE Statement—checklist of items that should be included in reports of observational studies

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|  | Item No | Recommendation | Page No |
| **Title and abstract** | 1 | (*a*) Indicate the study’s design with a commonly used term in the title or the abstract | P 1 |
| (*b*) Provide in the abstract an informative and balanced summary of what was done and what was found | P 2 |
| Introduction |
| Background/rationale | 2 | Explain the scientific background and rationale for the investigation being reported | P.4-5 |
| Objectives | 3 | State specific objectives, including any prespecified hypotheses | P.5; lines 86-110 |
| Methods |
| Study design | 4 | Present key elements of study design early in the paper | P.6-7Lines 114-140. |
| Setting | 5 | Describe the setting, locations, and relevant dates, including periods of recruitment, exposure, follow-up, and data collection | P.6-7Lines 111-138 |
| Participants | 6 | *Cross-sectional study*—Give the eligibility criteria, and the sources and methods of selection of participants | P.6-7Lines 118-127 |
| Variables | 7 | Clearly define all outcomes, exposures, predictors, potential confounders, and effect modifiers. Give diagnostic criteria, if applicable | P. 7-9Lines 143-187 |
| Data sources/ measurement | 8\* | For each variable of interest, give sources of data and details of methods of assessment (measurement). Describe comparability of assessment methods if there is more than one group | P. 7-9Lines 143-187 |
| Bias | 9 | Describe any efforts to address potential sources of bias | N/A |
| Study size | 10 | Explain how the study size was arrived at | N/A |
| Quantitative variables | 11 | Explain how quantitative variables were handled in the analyses. If applicable, describe which groupings were chosen and why | P. 7-9Lines 167-187 |
| Statistical methods | 12 | (*a*) Describe all statistical methods, including those used to control for confounding | P. 9-10Lines192-214 |
| (*b*) Describe any methods used to examine subgroups and interactions | N/A |
| (*c*) Explain how missing data were addressed | N/A |
| *Cross-sectional study*—If applicable, describe analytical methods taking account of sampling strategy | N/A |
| (*e*) Describe any sensitivity analyses | N/A |

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| Results |
| Participants | 13\* | (a) Report numbers of individuals at each stage of study—eg numbers potentially eligible, examined for eligibility, confirmed eligible, included in the study, completing follow-up, and analysed | P. 10-12Lines 217-270 |
| (b) Give reasons for non-participation at each stage | N/A |
| (c) Consider use of a flow diagram | N/A |
| Descriptive data | 14\* | (a) Give characteristics of study participants (eg demographic, clinical, social) and information on exposures and potential confounders | P. 10Lines 217-222  |
| (b) Indicate number of participants with missing data for each variable of interest | P. 10-12Lines 223-230 |
| (c) *Cohort study*—Summarise follow-up time (eg, average and total amount) | N/A |
| Outcome data | 15\* | *Cohort study*—Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures over time | N/A |
| *Case-control study—*Report numbers in each exposure category, or summary measures of exposure | N/A |
| *Cross-sectional study—*Report numbers of outcome events or summary measures | P. 10Lines 223-230 |
| Main results | 16 | (*a*) Give unadjusted estimates and, if applicable, confounder-adjusted estimates and their precision (eg, 95% confidence interval). Make clear which confounders were adjusted for and why they were included | P. 10-12Lines 217-270 |
| (*b*) Report category boundaries when continuous variables were categorized | N/A |
| (*c*) If relevant, consider translating estimates of relative risk into absolute risk for a meaningful time period | N/A |
| Other analyses | 17 | Report other analyses done—e.g. analyses of subgroups and interactions, and sensitivity analyses | N/A |
| Discussion |
| Key results | 18 | Summarise key results with reference to study objectives | P. 12-13Lines 272-284 |
| Limitations | 19 | Discuss limitations of the study, taking into account sources of potential bias or imprecision. Discuss both direction and magnitude of any potential bias | P. 16Lines 254-268 |
| Interpretation | 20 | Give a cautious overall interpretation of results considering objectives, limitations, multiplicity of analyses, results from similar studies, and other relevant evidence | P. 16Lines 270-276 |
| Generalisability | 21 | Discuss the generalisability (external validity) of the study results |  |
| Other information |
| Funding | 22 | Give the source of funding and the role of the funders for the present study and, if applicable, for the original study on which the present article is based | P. 17-18 |

\*Give information separately for cases and controls in case-control studies and, if applicable, for exposed and unexposed groups in cohort and cross-sectional studies.

**Note:** An Explanation and Elaboration article discusses each checklist item and gives methodological background and published examples of transparent reporting. The STROBE checklist is best used in conjunction with this article (freely available on the Web sites of PLoS Medicine at http://www.plosmedicine.org/, Annals of Internal Medicine at http://www.annals.org/, and Epidemiology at http://www.epidem.com/). Information on the STROBE Initiative is available at www.strobe-statement.org.