**Online Resource 2. Summary of the method for drug price revision in Japan**

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| Classification | Item | Contents | Timing of review for price revision | Price after revision |
| Regular price revision | Price revision based on drug price survey | Once every 2 years until 2020, once a year from 2021 | ↓ |
| Special rules for price revision | Premium rewards for innovative development | Development of orphan drugs | Irregular, review at the time of regular price revision | →  |
| Development request by regulatory agency |
| Drugs at premium prices because of usefulness or innovation |
| First-in-class drug |
| Same mechanism of action as the first-in-class drug |
| Price reduction for long-listed drugs | Additional price reduction to the price of the generic drugs in the case of long-listed drugs | Ten years after the launch of the generic drug | ↓ |
| Market expansion-related re-pricing | Price reduction based on market expansion significantly beyond prior projections | Timing of NHI price listing (4 times a year) | ↓ |
| Other re-pricing | Re-pricing for dosage/regimen changesRe-pricing for additional indications | Timing of NHI price listing (4 times a year) | ↓ |
| Premium rewards at regular price revision | Premium rewards for pediatric indications | Irregular, review at the time of regular price revision | → or ↑ |
| Premium rewards for orphan disease indications |
| Premium rewards for true clinical benefits |

NHI: National Health Insurance