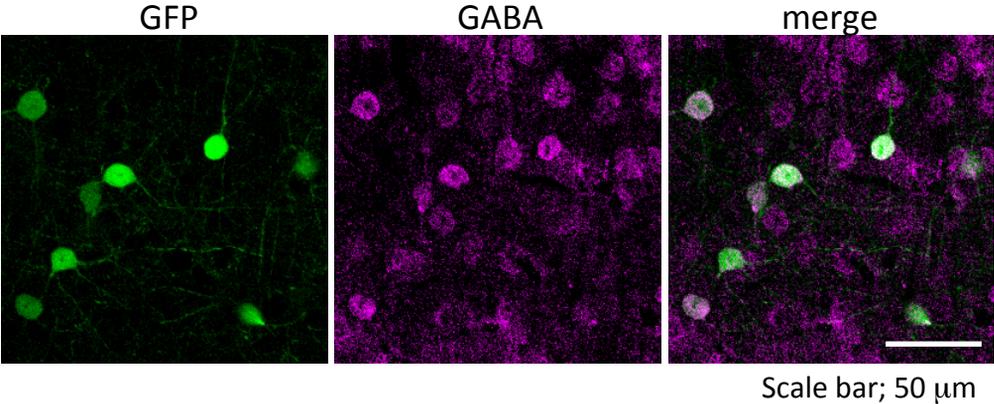
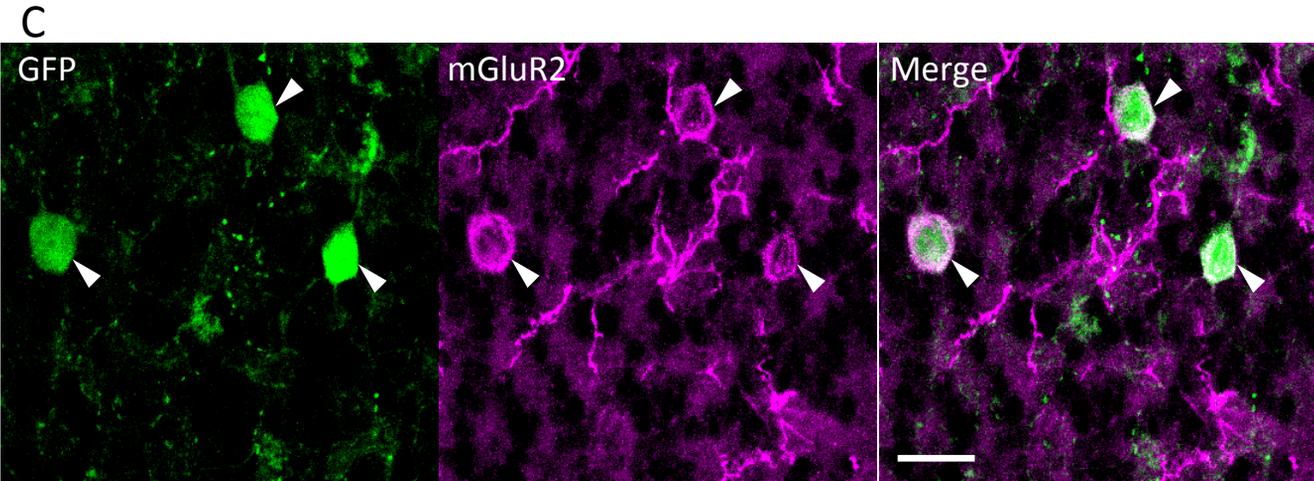
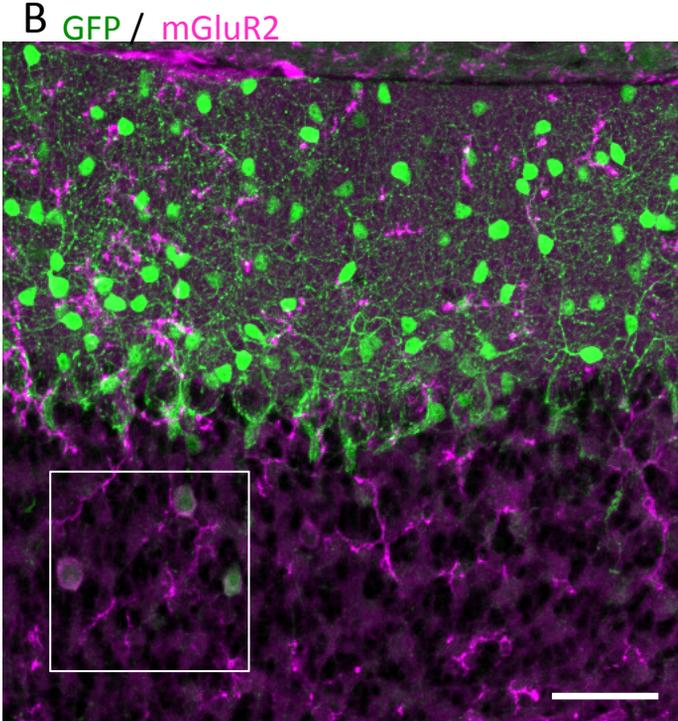
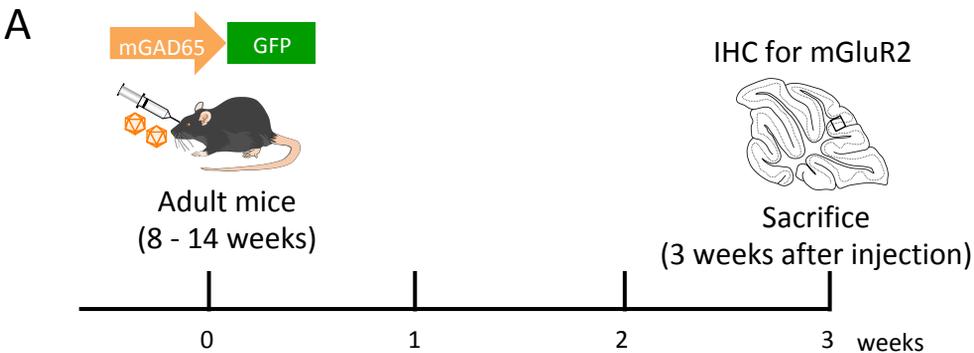


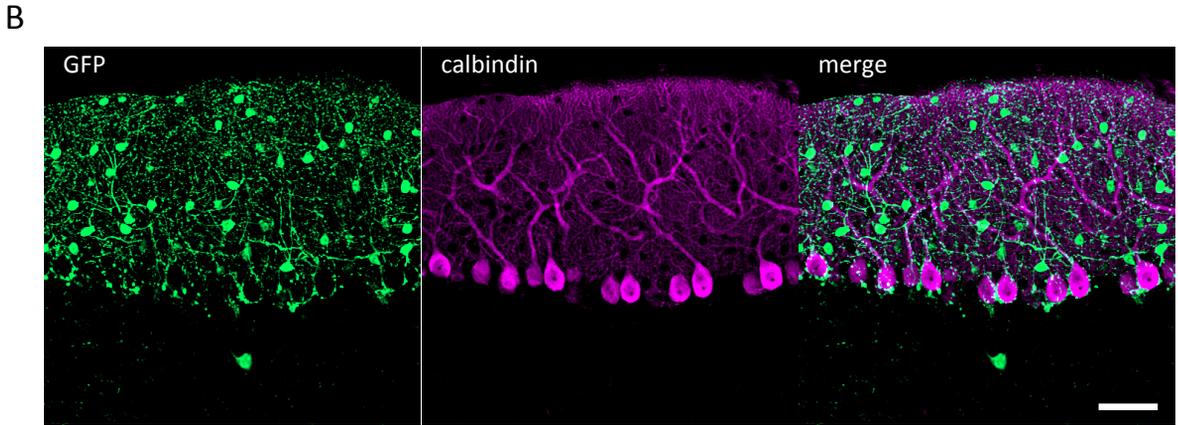
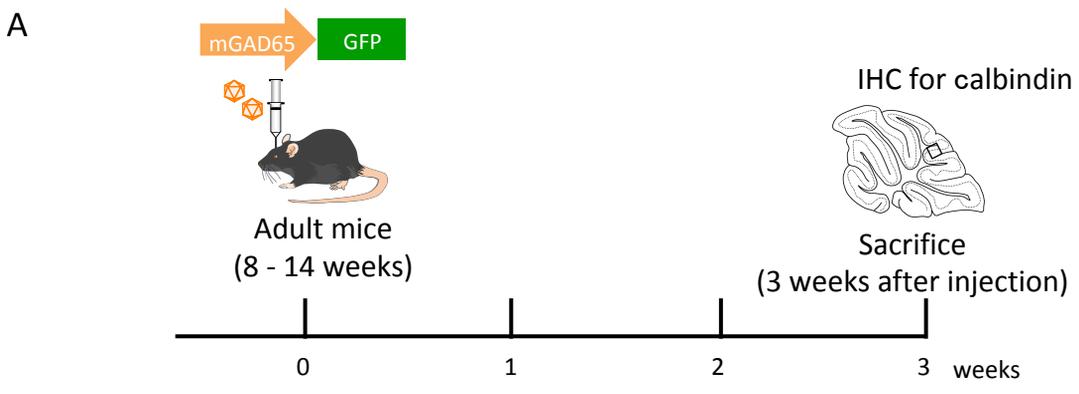
Supplementary Figure 1



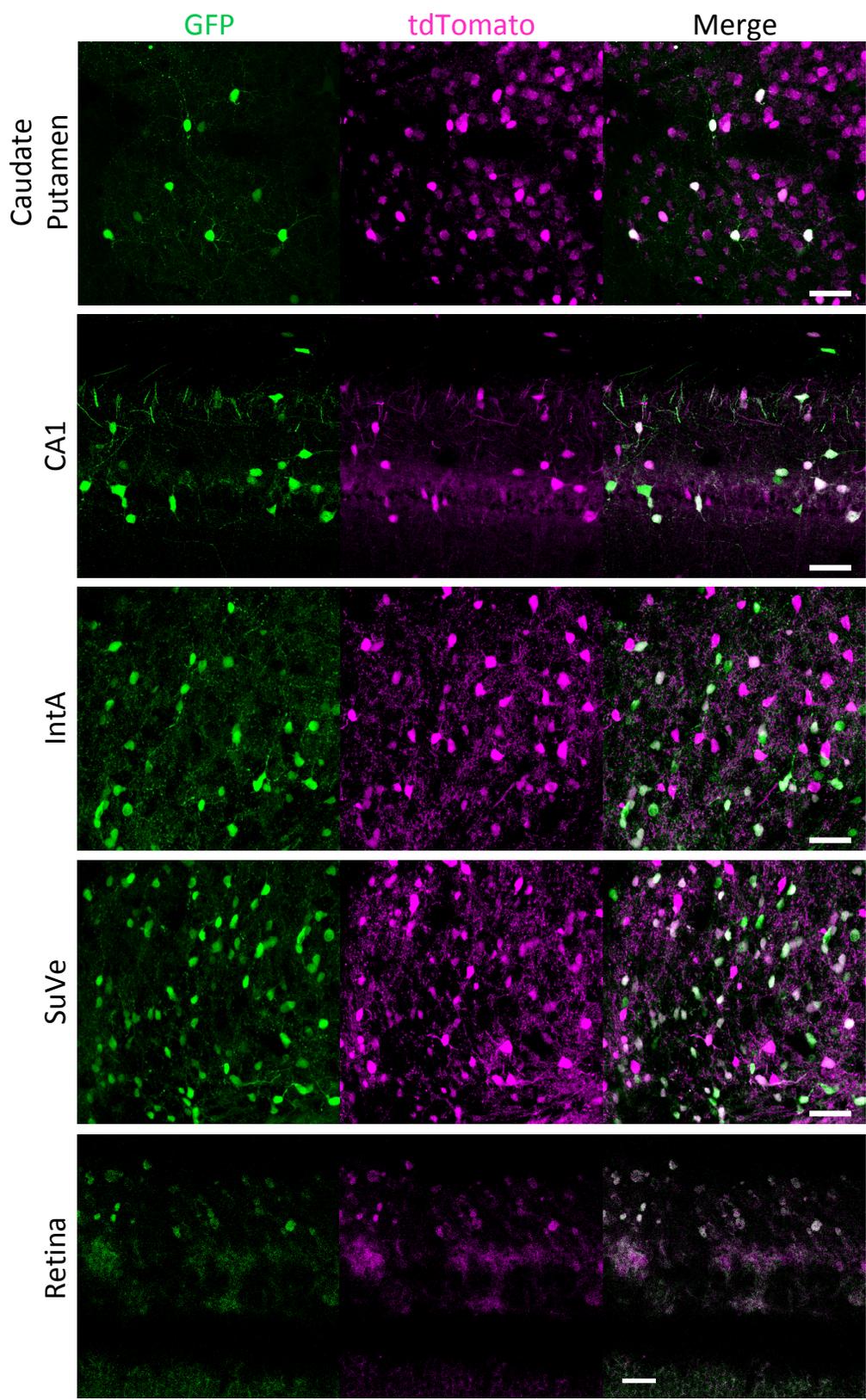
Supplementary Figure 2



Supplementary Figure 3



Supplementary Figure 4



Scale bars;
50 μm(right),
20 μm(left)

Supplementary Figure Legends

Supplementary Figure 1. Cells expressing GFP by the mGAD65 (delE1) were co-immunolabeled for GABA. A mouse received an intravenous infusion of AAV-PHP.eB expressing GABA by the mGAD65 (delE1). Three weeks after the injection, sagittal brain sections were produced and double-immunolabeled for GFP and GABA. Note that all GFP-expressing cells expressed GABA, suggesting that the mGAD65 (delE1) serves as an inhibitory neuron-specific promoter. Scale bar; 50 μ m.

Supplementary Figure 2. Transduction of Golgi cells by the mGAD65 promoter. (A)

Diagram illustrating the experimental procedure. Mice received intravenous infusions of AAV-PHP.B expressing GFP under the control of the mGAD65 promoter. Three weeks after the viral injection, the mice were sacrificed, and the cerebellar sections were immunostained for mGluR2, a marker for Golgi cells. (B) A native GFP (green) fluorescent image of the cerebellar cortex immunolabeled for mGluR2 (magenta). (C) Magnification of the box in A. Arrowheads indicate GFP-expressing Golgi cells, which were proved by mGluR2 immunolabeling. Scale

bars; 50 μm (B) and 20 μm (C). IHC; immunohistochemistry.

Supplementary Figure 3. Cerebellar interneuron-specific transduction by direct parenchymal injection of AAV-PHP.B carrying the mGAD65 promoter. (A) Schematic showing the experimental procedure. (B) Immunohistochemistry of the cerebellar slice from mice 3 weeks after the viral injection. Cerebellar sections were immunostained for calbindin (magenta), a marker for Purkinje cell. Scale bar; 50 μm . IHC; immunohistochemistry.

Supplementary Figure 4. Transduction of GABAergic neurons in various brain regions by the mGAD65 promoter. Adult VGAT-tdTomato mice received intravenous infusions of AAV-PHP.B expressing GFP under the control of the mGAD65 promoter. Three weeks after the viral injection, mice were sacrificed. Confocal microscopy showed overall co-labeling of tdTomato-expressing cells with GFP in various brain regions such as the striatum (caudate-putamen), the hippocampus (CA1), the anterior interposed nucleus (IntA), the superior vestibular nucleus (SuVe), and the retina. Scale bars; 50 μm (right) and 20 μm (left).