

## SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL

### Proof of Theorem 2:

(I)-(II) Straight forward.

(II) We have from Definition 9,

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \lambda(\tilde{y}_\varphi^{(1)}(\mathcal{U}) \oplus \tilde{y}_\varphi^{(2)}(\mathcal{U})) \\
 &= \lambda \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^2 \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathcal{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^2 \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} (\mathcal{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
 &= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \lambda \frac{\left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^2 \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right)^\phi \right)^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathcal{U}^{(u)}), \\
 & \quad \left. \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \lambda \frac{\left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^2 \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right)^\phi \right)^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathcal{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
 &= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \lambda \sum_{j=1}^2 \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right)^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathcal{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \lambda \sum_{j=1}^2 \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right)^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} (\mathcal{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle
 \end{aligned}$$

On the other hand,  $(\lambda \tilde{y}_\varphi^{(1)}(\mathcal{U}) \oplus (\lambda \tilde{y}_\varphi^{(2)}(\mathcal{U}))$

$$= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \lambda \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^1}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^1} \right)^\phi \right)^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathcal{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \lambda \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^1}{\tilde{g}_g^1} \right)^\phi \right)^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} (\mathcal{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \tilde{\Theta} \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \lambda \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^2}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^2} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \left\{ \lambda \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^2}{\tilde{g}_g^2} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^2 \frac{1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \lambda \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1}}{\left( 1 + \left\{ \lambda \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1}} \right)^\phi \right)^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \\
&\quad \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^2 \frac{1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \lambda \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1}}{\left( 1 + \left\{ \lambda \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1}} \right)^\phi \right)^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \lambda \sum_{j=1}^2 \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \left\{ \lambda \sum_{j=1}^2 \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle
\end{aligned}$$

Thus,  $\lambda(\tilde{y}_\varphi^{(1)}(\mathfrak{U}) \tilde{\Theta} \tilde{y}_\varphi^{(2)}(\mathfrak{U})) = (\lambda \tilde{y}_\varphi^{(2)}(\mathfrak{U})) \tilde{\Theta} (\lambda \tilde{y}_\varphi^{(1)}(\mathfrak{U}))$ .

(IV) Similar to (III).

(V) We have,  $(\lambda_1 + \lambda_2) \tilde{y}_\varphi^{(1)}(\mathfrak{U})$

$$= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ (\lambda_1 + \lambda_2) \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^1}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^1} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \left\{ (\lambda_1 + \lambda_2) \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^1}{\tilde{g}_g^1} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle$$

On the other hand,  $(\lambda_1 \tilde{y}_\varphi^{(1)}(\mathfrak{U})) \tilde{\Theta} (\lambda_2 \tilde{y}_\varphi^{(1)}(\mathfrak{U}))$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \lambda_1 \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^1}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^1} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \left\{ \lambda_1 \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^1}{\tilde{g}_g^1} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&\oplus \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \lambda_2 \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^1}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^1} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \left\{ \lambda_2 \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^1}{\tilde{g}_g^1} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \sum_{j=1}^2 \frac{\left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \lambda_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^1}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^1} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right)^\phi \right)^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \\
&\quad \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \sum_{j=1}^2 \frac{\left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \lambda_j \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^1}{\tilde{g}_g^1} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right)^\phi \right)^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + (\lambda_1 + \lambda_2) \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^1}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^1} \right)^\phi \right)^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + (\lambda_1 + \lambda_2) \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^1}{\tilde{g}_g^1} \right)^\phi \right)^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle
\end{aligned}$$

(VI) Similar to (V).

**Proof of Theorem 3:**

1<sup>st</sup> part easily follows from definition 10. To prove the rest part, let us use the principle of induction on ‘n’. For n=1, the result is obvious. By Definition 10, for n=2, we obtain,

$DPLDPWAA(\tilde{y}_\phi^{(1)}(\mathfrak{U}), \tilde{y}_\phi^{(2)}(\mathfrak{U}))$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \Theta_1 \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^1}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^1} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 + \left\{ \Theta_1 \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^1}{\tilde{g}_g^1} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&\oplus \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \Theta_2 \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^2}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^2} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 + \left\{ \Theta_2 \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^2}{\tilde{g}_g^2} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^2 \frac{1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1}}{1 + \left\{ \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1}} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \right. \\
&\quad \left. \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^2 \frac{1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \Theta_j \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1}}{1 + \left\{ \Theta_j \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1}} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^2 \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^2 \Theta_j \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle
\end{aligned}$$

Thus, Eq. (10) holds good for  $n=2$ . Let us assume that Eq. (10) holds good for  $n=l$ . Then

$DPLDPWAA(\tilde{y}_\phi^{(1)}(\mathfrak{U}), \tilde{y}_\phi^{(2)}(\mathfrak{U}), \dots, \tilde{y}_\phi^{(l)}(\mathfrak{U}))$

$$= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^l \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^l \Theta_j \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle$$

Now, for  $n=l+1$ ,  $DPLDPWAA(\tilde{y}_\phi^{(1)}(\mathfrak{U}), \tilde{y}_\phi^{(2)}(\mathfrak{U}), \dots, \tilde{y}_\phi^{(l+1)}(\mathfrak{U}))$

$$\begin{aligned}
& DPLDWAA(\tilde{y}_\phi^{(1)}(\mathfrak{U}), \tilde{y}_\phi^{(2)}(\mathfrak{U}), \dots, \tilde{y}_\phi^{(l)}(\mathfrak{U})) \tilde{\Theta}(w_{l+1} \tilde{y}_\phi^{(l+1)}(\mathfrak{U})) \\
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^l \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^l \Theta_j \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&\quad \tilde{\Theta} \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \Theta_{l+1} \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^{l+1}}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^{l+1}} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 + \left\{ \Theta_{l+1} \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^{l+1}}{\tilde{g}_g^{l+1}} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \frac{\left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^l \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right)^\phi}{\left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^l \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right)} + \frac{\left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \Theta_{l+1} \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^{l+1}}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^{l+1}} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right)^\phi}{\left( 1 + \left\{ \Theta_{l+1} \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^{l+1}}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^{l+1}} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1}} \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \right. \\
&\quad \left. \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 + \left\{ \frac{\left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^l \Theta_j \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right)^\phi}{\left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^l \Theta_j \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right)} + \frac{\left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \Theta_{l+1} \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^{l+1}}{\tilde{g}_g^{l+1}} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right)^\phi}{\left( 1 + \left\{ \Theta_{l+1} \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^{l+1}}{\tilde{g}_g^{l+1}} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1}} \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^{l+1} \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left[ 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^{l+1} \Theta_j \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right] (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle
\end{aligned}$$

Thus, Eq. (10) also holds good for  $n=l+1$ . Hence, by principle of induction, Eq. (10) is true for any natural number  $n$ .

#### **Proof of Theorem 4:**

By Theorem 3,

$DPLDPWAA(\tilde{y}_\phi^{(1)}(\mathfrak{U}), \tilde{y}_\phi^{(2)}(\mathfrak{U}), \dots, \tilde{y}_\phi^{(n)}(\mathfrak{U}))$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^n \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^n \Theta_j \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^n \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^L}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^L} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^n \Theta_j \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^L}{\tilde{g}_g^L} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^L}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^L} \right)^\phi \sum_{j=1}^n \Theta_j \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \left\{ \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^L}{\tilde{g}_g^L} \right)^\phi \sum_{j=1}^n \Theta_j \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^L}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^L} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^L}{\tilde{g}_g^L} \right)^{-1} (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^L}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^L} \right)^{-1} \right) (\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 + \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^L}{\tilde{g}_g^L} \right)^{-1} (\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle \\
&= \left\langle \tilde{g}^{-1} (\tilde{g}_\xi^L)(\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \tilde{g}^{-1} (\tilde{g}_g^L)(\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle = \left\langle \wp_{\xi^{L(u)}}(\mathfrak{U}^{(u)}), \wp_{g^{L(v)}}(\mathfrak{U}^{(v)}) \right\rangle = \tilde{y}_\phi^{(L)}(\mathfrak{U})
\end{aligned}$$

### **Proof of Theorem 5:**

Given,  $\wp_{\xi^{j(u)}} \leq \wp'_{\xi^{j(u)}}$  and  $\wp_{g^{j(v)}} \geq \wp'_{g^{j(v)}} \forall j$ . Since each of  $\tilde{g}$  and  $\tilde{g}^{-1}$  is an increasing function, we have,

$$\begin{aligned}
&\wp_{\xi^{j(u)}} \leq \wp'_{\xi^{j(u)}} \\
&\Rightarrow \tilde{g}_\xi^j \leq \tilde{g}'_{\xi^j} \quad [\text{where } \tilde{g}_\xi^j = \tilde{g}(\wp_{\xi^{j(u)}}), \tilde{g}'_{\xi^j} = \tilde{g}(\wp'_{\xi^{j(u)}})] \\
&\Rightarrow \sum_{j=1}^n \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \leq \sum_{j=1}^n \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}'_{\xi^j}}{1 - \tilde{g}'_{\xi^j}} \right)^\phi \\
&\Rightarrow 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^n \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \leq 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^n \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}'_{\xi^j}}{1 - \tilde{g}'_{\xi^j}} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \\
&\Rightarrow \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^n \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}_\xi^j}{1 - \tilde{g}_\xi^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) \leq \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( 1 - \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^n \Theta_j \left( \frac{\tilde{g}'_{\xi^j}}{1 - \tilde{g}'_{\xi^j}} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right)
\end{aligned}$$

Similarly, we can get,  $\tilde{g}^{-1} \left( \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^n \Theta_j \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}_g^j}{\tilde{g}_g^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right) \geq \tilde{g}^{-1} \left( \left( 1 + \left\{ \sum_{j=1}^n \Theta_j \left( \frac{1 - \tilde{g}'_g{}^j}{\tilde{g}'_g{}^j} \right)^\phi \right\}^{\frac{1}{\phi}} \right)^{-1} \right)$ .

Now, by applying the formula (3), we have  $S(\tilde{y}_\varphi^{(1)}(\mathfrak{U}), \tilde{y}_\varphi^{(2)}(\mathfrak{U}), \dots, \tilde{y}_\varphi^{(n)}(\mathfrak{U})) \leq S(\tilde{y}'_\varphi{}^{(1)}(\mathfrak{U}), \tilde{y}'_\varphi{}^{(2)}(\mathfrak{U}), \dots, \tilde{y}'_\varphi{}^{(n)}(\mathfrak{U}))$ . Consequently, by definition (4),  $DPLDPWAA(\tilde{y}_\varphi^{(1)}(\mathfrak{U}), \tilde{y}_\varphi^{(2)}(\mathfrak{U}), \dots, \tilde{y}_\varphi^{(n)}(\mathfrak{U})) \prec PLqROFDPWAA(\tilde{y}'_\varphi{}^{(1)}(\mathfrak{U}), \tilde{y}'_\varphi{}^{(2)}(\mathfrak{U}), \dots, \tilde{y}'_\varphi{}^{(n)}(\mathfrak{U}))$ .