

1 Non-inclusion criteria related to general safety

Personal status

General

- Presence of chronic disease,
- Pregnant or lactating women,
- Adults under guardianship, Safeguard justice or trusteeship,
- For donors over the age of 50, absence of screening test for colorectal cancer within 2 years and positive test result

Digestive

- Coeliac disease
- Irritable bowel syndrome
- Chronic constipation
- Diarrhea defines as more than 3 very soft or liquid stools per day
- Hemorrhoids or rectal bleeding
- Personal history of:
 - gastrointestinal neoplasia or polyps
 - autoimmune or inflammatory disease
 - Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD)

Diet and Drug use

- Particular diet (exclusion diet, vegetarian diet) or other specific considerations recipient: Ingestion of a potential allergen (eg peanut) to which the recipient has a known allergy.
- → Alcohol or drug abuse

Family status

- Spouse of a patient with IBD
- Family 1st degree history of :
 - IBD
 - Gastrointestinal neoplasia or polyps before the age of 60

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Autoimmune or inflammatory disease ➤ Diarrhea defines as more than 3 very soft or liquid stools per day for the family members within 3 months.
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2 - Non-inclusion criteria related to prior or concomitant therapy

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Medication whatsoever in the 48 hours prior to the donation (except contraceptive treatment) ➤ No regular curative medication except oral contraception ➤ Immunosuppressants (eg calcineurin inhibitors, corticosteroids, biological agents, etc.) antineoplastic chemotherapy ➤ Antibiotic or antifungal in the previous 3 months for the donation. ➤ Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory intake in the previous month for the donation
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3 - Non-inclusion criteria related to infection risk

<u>General</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Abnormal macroscopic appearance of stool ➤ Known Infection by the human immunodeficiency virus (HIV), HTLV virus, the hepatitis B or C virus ➤ Positive result in one of the contagious disease testing. (See Appendix ANSM) ➤ Existence of anal lesions suggestive of viral infection (papillomas, vesicles or other lesions) ➤ Multiresistant Bacteria Carrier (See Appendix ANSM) ➤ Risk for the Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease ➤ Personal history of typhoid fever
<u>2 years</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Residence for more than 2 years in the intertropical zone
<u>12 months</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Hospitalization abroad of more than 24h in the last 12 months (including members of the family)
<u>6 months</u>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ➤ Contact with human blood (Blood transfusion, piercing,

3 months

14 days

Blood tests:

Biology:

*Virology, bacteriology
and parasitology*

Stool test

*Virology, bacteriology
and parasitology*

tattoo...) with in the previous 6 months

- Sexual behavior risk (defined as unprotected sexual contact with a new partner) in the previous 6 months
- Gastroenteritis in the last 3 months
- Digestive disorders such as acute or chronic diarrhea in the 3 months preceding the donation
- Behavior deemed at risk of infection: Travel in the previous 3 months

- Infectious episode 14 days prior to the screening

- abnormal local lab value concerning the following tests:
- Fasting glucose, blood count, platelets, Ferritin, CRP, ionogram, urea, creatinine, AST/ ALT, Gamma Glutamyl Transferase, Alkaline Phosphatase, bilirubin, Prothrombine Time, Activated Partial Thromboplastin Time, lipids (cholesterol, triglycerides)

See Box2

See Box2