

Table 1. Expression levels of genes encoding RMT receptors in isolated human brain microvessels (BMV), brain and lung (RNAseq normalized read counts; average \pm SD)

Receptors/proteins	Human BMV	Human brain	Human lung
TFRC	1645.22 \pm 249.68	1560.20 \pm 520.04	7856.40 \pm 6648.12
INSR	3010.84 \pm 1158.90*	854.14 \pm 81.00	1260.72 \pm 106.44
IGF1R	1304.87 \pm 746.61	905.46 \pm 229.11	800.57 \pm 198.75
IGF2R	602.08 \pm 550.37	613.27 \pm 194.15	4162.89 \pm 2237.01*
LRP1	6896.83 \pm 2520.15	5797.91 \pm 1220.33	12733.83 \pm 4968.54
LDLR	1424.41 \pm 2003.73*	294.13 \pm 121.19	6952.95 \pm 2791.13
LRP8 (ApoER2)	695.27 \pm 650.56	734.55 \pm 153.52	116.66 \pm 69.72
CDC50A/TMEM30A	5578.82 \pm 1174.14	7977.31 \pm 2267.54	7621.38 \pm 3189.82
SLC2A1/GLUT1	9579.89 \pm 7741.88 [#]	3110.70 \pm 1033.78	472.20 \pm 217.86
SLC3A2/CD98hc	6527.14 \pm 3983.38	4619.39 \pm 509.35	5088.29 \pm 425.63
LEPR	1131.17 \pm 617.91*	1932.75 \pm 612.91	3549.49 \pm 132.05

Comparison of gene expression (transcript abundance) across isolated human BMVs, brain and lung was performed using One-way ANOVA, followed by Tukey's multiple comparisons test. Significant difference was indicated by (*). For simplicity, statistical significance was shown only for comparisons of BMV against other tissues (but not among other tissues).

* INSR expression in BMV was significantly ($p < 0.05$) higher compared to either brain or lung.

* IGF2R expression in lung tissue was significantly ($p < 0.05$) higher compared to either brain vessels or brain.

*LDLR expression in BMV was significantly higher ($p < 0.001$) compared to brain and significantly lower ($p < 0.05$) compared to lung.

[#]SLC2A1/GLUT1: one sample out of 3 showed low transcript level, causing high SD. Therefore, despite overall high abundance, there was no significant difference compared to brain and lung.

*LEPR expression in BMV was significantly lower compared to lung ($p < 0.001$).

Table 2. Expression levels of mouse genes encoding RMT receptors in isolated brain microvessels (BMV), whole brain, liver, spleen and lung vessels (RNAseq normalized read counts; average \pm SD)

Receptors/proteins	BMV	Brain	Liver	Spleen	Lung vessels
TFRC	3690.57 \pm 1577.32*	1366.54 \pm 198.69	824.73 \pm 70.64	3112.77 \pm 1853.22	358.11 \pm 79.98
INSR	3577.43 \pm 889.85*	956.02 \pm 215.79	1219.83 \pm 877.37	561.32 \pm 212.32	1475.28 \pm 84.75
IGF1R	6876.68 \pm 1430.93*	1102.77 \pm 297.56	38.19 \pm 27.33	386.79 \pm 70.17	1920.06 \pm 367.45
IGF2R	952.45 \pm 129.07	705.28 \pm 248.38	413.13 \pm 188.02	926.11 \pm 358.19	1531.46 \pm 133.94*
LRP1	11506.40 \pm 833.68*	8489.28 \pm 1692.30	4448.88 \pm 920.24	3403.74 \pm 934.22	6397.87 \pm 829.14
LDLR	1015.42 \pm 223.35	584.67 \pm 170.78	2210.82 \pm 1160.86	850.94 \pm 230.47	1062.21 \pm 116.65
LRP8 (ApoER2)	3937.60 \pm 777.50*	1318.88 \pm 271.37	15.31 \pm 20.31	310.13 \pm 107.61	36.57 \pm 12.07
CDC50A/TMEM30A	4159.55 \pm 119.32*	8495.71 \pm 1376.15	13191.59 \pm 2020.86	2457.55 \pm 424.88	3534.28 \pm 715.38
SLC2A1/GLUT1	33418.54 \pm 13876.59*#	2127.85 \pm 246.70	216.14 \pm 34.86	1164.86 \pm 192.17	478.96 \pm 48.42
SLC3A2/CD98hc	6369.22 \pm 1046.86*	2665.44 \pm 27.16	979.66 \pm 147.88	7792.42 \pm 1947.03	5596.12 \pm 929.74
LEPR/leptin receptor	356.37 \pm 14.03*	90.68 \pm 1.77	107.97 \pm 9.58	667.06 \pm 116.16	1917.86 \pm 469.42

Comparisons of gene expression (transcript abundance) across isolated mouse BMVs and peripheral tissues was performed using one-way ANOVA, followed by Tukey's multiple comparisons test. For simplicity, statistical significance was shown only for comparisons of BMVs against other tissues (but not among peripheral tissues).

*TFRC expression in BMV was significantly ($p < 0.05$) higher compared to lung vessels

*INSR expression in BMV was significantly higher ($p < 0.01$) compared to brain, liver, lung vessels or spleen.

*IGF1R expression in BMV was significantly ($p < 0.0001$) higher compared to brain, liver, spleen or lung vessels.

*IGF2R expression in lung vessels was significantly higher compared to brain tissue ($p < 0.01$) and liver ($p < 0.001$).

*LRP1 expression in BMV was significantly ($p < 0.01$) higher compared to liver, spleen, or lung vessels.

*LRP8 expression in BMV was significantly ($p < 0.0001$) higher compared to brain, liver, spleen or lung vessels.

*CDC50A/TMEM30A expression in BMV was significantly ($p < 0.01$) lower compared to brain or liver.

*SLC2A1/GLUT1 expression in brain vessels was significantly ($p < 0.001$) higher compared to brain tissue, liver, spleen and lung vessels.

#SLC2A1/GLUT1 expression was significantly ($p < 0.001$) higher in BMV compared to the expression of all other genes shown in Table 2.

*SLC3A2/CD98hc expression in BMV was significantly higher ($p < 0.01$) compared to brain or liver.

*LEPR expression in BMV was significantly ($p < 0.0001$) lower compared to lung vessels or spleen and significantly ($p < 0.001$) higher compared to brain or liver

Table 3. Expression levels of genes encoding RMT receptors in isolated human and mouse brain microvessels (BMV) and whole brain tissues [RNAseq normalized for transcript per million (TPM); Mean \pm SD]

Receptors/proteins	Human BMVs	Human brain	Mouse BMV	Mouse brain
TFRC	8.81 \pm 4.43	11.25 \pm 2.80	70.53 \pm 32.21*	20.85 \pm 4.41#
INSR	5.44 \pm 3.70	4.75 \pm 0.49	33.09 \pm 8.63*	8.08 \pm 3.31
IGF1R	2.38 \pm 1.65	2.86 \pm 0.69	61.06 \pm 13.70*	7.36 \pm 2.33#
IGF2R	3.09 \pm 3.42	3.88 \pm 2.06	9.88 \pm 1.40*	5.86 \pm 2.57
LRP1	21.18 \pm 16.53	28.80 \pm 6.61	179.85 \pm 15.66*	69.87 \pm 15.36#
LDLR	14.04 \pm 19.25	5.19 \pm 1.55	21.21 \pm 5.00	9.67 \pm 3.66
LRP8 (ApoER2)	6.09 \pm 6.13	5.58 \pm 1.75	20.66 \pm 5.65	89.11 \pm 20.41#
CDC50A/TMEM30A	28.62 \pm 16.30	68.42 \pm 15.01	98.36 \pm 1.58*	158.57 \pm 13.88#
SLC2A1/GLUT1	86.20 \pm 88.50	41.64 \pm 12.54	1314.53 \pm 559.01*	64.62 \pm 1.08#
SLC3A2/CD98hc	86.68 \pm 75.46	89.37 \pm 3.74	406.81 \pm 66.31*	138.96 \pm 14.72#
LEPR/leptin receptor	2.25 \pm 1.96	1.19 \pm 0.32	1.35 \pm 1.35	2.10 \pm 0.71
GAPDH	1563.77 \pm 301.52	3924.81 \pm 295.78	1571.31 \pm 237.26	2824.45 \pm 442.70 ^{&}
S100B	520.09 \pm 180.37	1005.79 \pm 308.03	547.96 \pm 5.82	231.91 \pm 33.28 ^{&}
TUBB4A	328.93 \pm 126.15	363.04 \pm 92.13	357.16 \pm 110.37	552.25 \pm 194.57

Statistical comparison of gene expression (transcript abundance) between human and mouse BMVs and human and mouse brain was performed using two-tailed student *t*-test. Significant difference between human and mouse BMVs was indicated by (*) and significant difference between human and mouse brain is indicated by (#),

*Receptor abundance is significantly higher (TFRC $p < 0.01$; INSR $p < 0.001$; IGF1R $p < 0.01$; IGF2R $p < 0.05$; LRP1 $p < 0.001$; LRP8 $p < 0.001$; CDC50A $p < 0.01$; SLC3A2 $p < 0.01$; SLC2A1 $p < 0.01$) in mouse compared to human BMVs

#Receptor expression is significantly higher (TFRC $p < 0.05$; IGF1R $p < 0.05$; LRP1 $p < 0.05$; LRP8 $p < 0.005$; CDC50A $p < 0.002$; SLC2A1 $p < 0.05$; SLC3A2 $p < 0.01$) in mouse compared to human brain.

&Genes encoding structural proteins: S100B is significantly ($p < 0.001$) lower in mouse compared to human brain; GAPDH is significantly lower in mouse compared to human brain ($p < 0.05$).