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**The Risk of Stroke after Acute Myocardial Infarction in Patients with and without Atrial fibrillation: A Nationwide Cohort Study in Taiwan**

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**Supplemental Table 1.** ICD-9-CM Code Used for Diagnosis in This Study

**Diagnosis ICD-9-CM code**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| ST elevated myocardial infarction | 410.0 to 410.6 or 410.9 |
| Non-ST elevated myocardial infarction | 410.7 or 410.8 |
| Stroke and transient ischemic attack | 430 to 437 or A290 to A294 |
| Hypertension | 401 to 405 |
| Diabetes | 250 |
| Heart failure | 428 |
| Dyslipidemia | 272 |
| Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease | 491, 492 or 496 |
| End-stage renal disease | 585 |
| Percutaneous coronary intervention | Procedure codes 36.0, 36.01, 36.02, 36.05, 36.06, or 36.09 |
| Coronary artery bypass graft | Procedure codes 36.10 to 36.19 |

**Supplemental Table 2.** CHA2DS2-VASc score and medications of patients with first hospitalized AMI with and without AF

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Characteristics | Without AF  (N=8,530) | With AF  (N=8,530) | P-value |
| CHA2DS2-VASc score | | | |
| 1 | 625(7.33%) | 641(7.51%) | <.0001 |
| 2 | 1335(15.65%) | 1378(16.15%) |  |
| 3 | 2190(25.67%) | 2137(25.05%) |  |
| 4 | 2336(27.39%) | 2437(28.57%) |  |
| 5 | 1489(17.46%) | 1533(17.97%) |  |
| ≥6 | 555(6.51%) | 404(4.74%) |  |
| Medications | | | |
| Aspirin | 6649(77.95%) | 7072(82.91%) | <.0001 |
| Clopidogrel | 5062(59.34%) | 5487(64.33%) | <.0001 |
| ACEI/ARB | 5075(59.5%) | 5683(66.62%) | <.0001 |
| Beta Blocker | 4125(48.36%) | 4540(53.22%) | <.0001 |
| Statin | 2764(32.4%) | 2610(30.6%) | 0.0111 |
| Warfarin | 176(2.06%) | 1046(12.26%) | <.0001 |
| Class I AAD | 0(0%) | 3(0.04%) | 0.25 |
| Class III AAD | 730(8.56%) | 3203(37.55%) | <.0001 |
| Digoxin | 699(8.19%) | 2321(27.21%) | <.0001 |
| Non-dihydropyridine CCB | 1010(11.84%) | 1831(21.47%) | <.0001 |

*ACEI* angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor, *ARB* angiotensin receptor blocker, *AAD* antiarrhythmic drug, *CCB* calcium-channel blocker

**Supplemental Table 3.** CHA2DS2-VASc score and medications in patients with new onset AF during admission and with preexisting AF before admission

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Characteristics | New onset AF during admission  (N=6,641) | Preexisting AF before admission  (N=1,889) | P value |
| CHA2DS2-VASc score |  |  |  |
| 1 | 554(8.34%) | 87(4.61%) | <.0001 |
| 2 | 1135(17.09%) | 243(12.86%) |  |
| 3 | 1654(24.91%) | 483(25.57%) |  |
| 4 | 1820(27.41%) | 617(32.66%) |  |
| 5 | 1172(17.65%) | 361(19.11%) |  |
| ≥6 | 306(4.61%) | 98(5.19%) |  |
| Medications |  |  |  |
| Aspirin | 5583(84.07%) | 1489(78.82%) | <.0001 |
| Clopidogrel | 4243(63.89%) | 1244(65.85%) | 0.1159 |
| ACEI/ARB | 4436(66.8%) | 1247(66.01%) | 0.5241 |
| Beta Blocker | 3553(53.5%) | 987(52.25%) | 0.3363 |
| Statin | 2055(30.94%) | 555(29.38%) | 0.1932 |
| Warfarin | 675(10.16%) | 371(19.64%) | <.0001 |
| Class I AAD | 3(0.05%) | 0(0%) | 1 |
| Class III AAD | 2686(40.45%) | 517(27.37%) | <.0001 |
| Digoxin | 1677(25.25%) | 644(34.09%) | <.0001 |
| Non-dihydropyridine CCB | 1394(20.99%) | 437(23.13%) | 0.0453 |

*ACEI* angiotensin-converting enzyme inhibitor, *ARB* angiotensin receptor blocker, *AAD*