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|  **HIV/AIDS patients attending at ART clinic** n=191Socio-demographic and clinical risk factors data collected. Stool sample was collected and processed using; * Direct wet mount,
* Formol-ether concentration and
* Modified Ziehl-Neelson staining techniques.

Main findings67 (35.1%) were positive for intestinal parasites* 31.5% (45/143) from patients on-ART and
* 45.8% (22/48) from ART naïve group

Factors showing significant association with prevalence of intestinal parasite;* Drinking untreated water,
* Consuming raw food,
* Eating unwashed raw vegetables;
* CD4 count <200cells/ mm3,
* CD4 count 200-500cells/mm3,
* WHO stage II and III, and
* Viral load ≥150 copies/ml
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