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| **HIV/AIDS patients attending at ART clinic**  n=191  Socio-demographic and clinical risk factors data collected.  Stool sample was collected and processed using;   * Direct wet mount, * Formol-ether concentration and * Modified Ziehl-Neelson staining techniques.   Main findings  67 (35.1%) were positive for intestinal parasites   * 31.5% (45/143) from patients on-ART and * 45.8% (22/48) from ART naïve group   Factors showing significant association with prevalence of intestinal parasite;   * Drinking untreated water, * Consuming raw food, * Eating unwashed raw vegetables; * CD4 count <200cells/ mm3, * CD4 count 200-500cells/mm3, * WHO stage II and III, and * Viral load ≥150 copies/ml |