

# Fabrication of Chiral Self-Sorted Multifunctional Supramolecular Biocoordination Polymers

**CURRENT STATUS:** POSTED

Joon Hak Oh  
POSTECH

✉ [joonhoh@postech.ac.kr](mailto:joonhoh@postech.ac.kr) *Corresponding Author*

Sang Kyu Kwak  
UNIST

✉ [skkwak@unist.ac.kr](mailto:skkwak@unist.ac.kr) *Corresponding Author*

Xiaobo Shang  
POSTECH

Inho Song  
POSTECH

Gwan Yeong Jung  
UNIST

Wanuk Choi  
POSTECH

Hiroyoshi Ohtsu  
Tokyo Institute of Technology

Jeong Hyeon Lee  
UNIST

Jin Young Koo  
POSTECH

Bo Liu  
Zhejiang University

Jaeyong Ahn  
POSTECH

Masaki Kawano

**DOI:**

10.1038/protex.2018.099

**SUBJECT AREAS**

*Materials science*

**KEYWORDS**

*coordination polymers, self-sorting, chirality, sensor, metal organic framework*

## Abstract

Chiral supramolecules have great potential for use in chiral recognition, sensing, and catalysis.

Particularly, chiral supramolecular biocoordination polymers (SBCPs) provide a versatile platform for characterizing biorelated processes such as chirality transcription. Here, we selectively synthesize homochiral and heterochiral SBCPs, composed of a naphthalene diimide ligands and Zn ions, from enantiomeric and mixed R- and S-ligands, respectively. Notably, we find that the chiral self-sorted SBCPs exhibit multifunctional properties including photochromic, photoluminescent, photoconductive, and chemiresistive characteristics, thus can be used for various sensors. Specifically, these materials can be used for detecting a hazardous amine materials due to the electron transfer from hydrazine to the SBCP surface and for enantioselectively sensing the chiral species naproxen due to the different binding energies with regard to their chirality. These results provide guidelines for the synthesis of chiral SBCPs and demonstrate their versatility and feasibility for use in various sensors covering photoactive, chemiresistive, and chiral sensors.

## Procedure

### **Synthesis of the homochiral H<sub>2</sub>AlaNDI ligands**

1. Reflux 1,4,5,8-naphthalenetetracarboxylic dianhydride (1.34 g; 0.005 mol) and L- or D-alanine (0.89 g; 0.01 mol) in pyridine (600 mL) for 12 h.
2. Add aq HCl (300 mL water and 100 mL concd HCl), as the volume of the mixture was reduced to 10 mL.
3. Filtrate the solid precipitate formed in solution

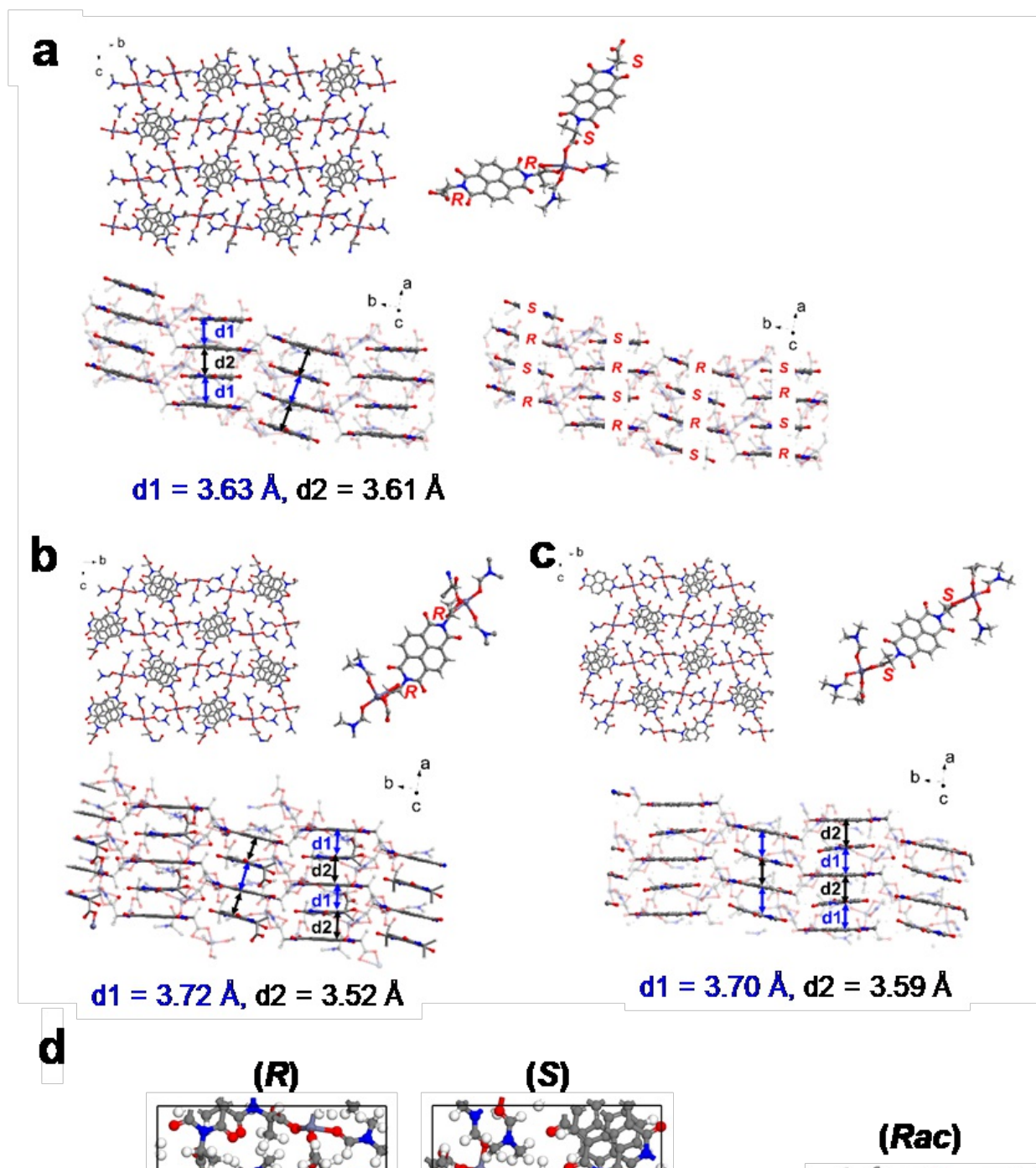
### **Synthesis of the (R)-AlaNDI-Zn and (S)-AlaNDI-Zn SBCPs**

1. Dissolve ZnI<sub>2</sub> (0.1 mmol) and chiral H<sub>2</sub>AlaNDI (0.1 mmol) in 3 mL DMF
2. Seal the solution in a stainless-steel tube with a Teflon liner.
3. Heat at 120 °C for 72 h.
4. Filtrate the crude product and wash with DMF to give the final single crystals.

### **Synthesis of the (Rac)-AlaNDI-Zn SBCP**

1. Dissolve  $\text{ZnI}_2$  (0.1 mmol), (R)-H2AlaNDI (0.05 mmol) and (S)-H2AlaNDI (0.05 mmol) homogenized in 3 mL DMF
2. Seal the solution in a stainless-steel tube with a Teflon liner.
3. Heat at 120 °C for 72 h.
4. Filtrate the crude product and wash with DMF to give the final single crystals.

Figures



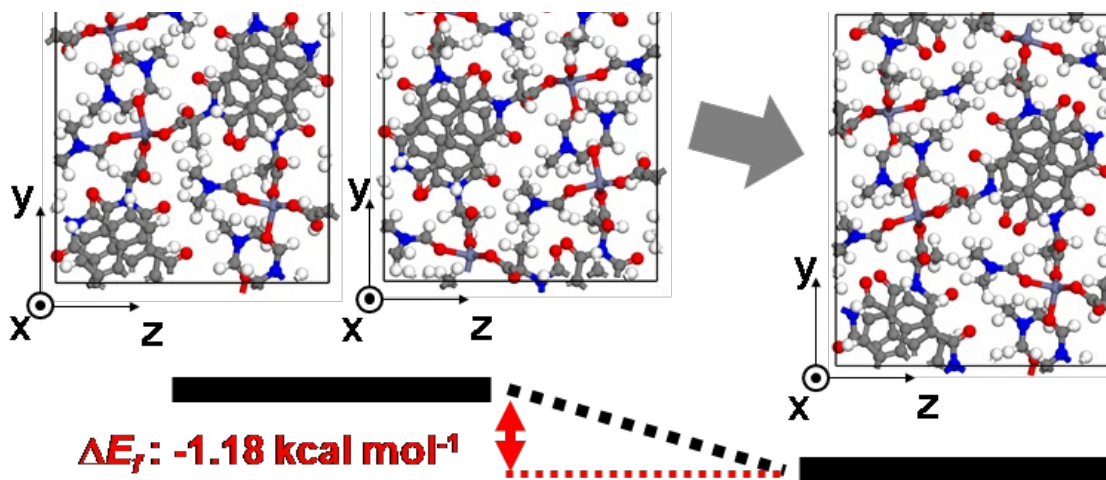


Figure 1

Chiral self-sorted supramolecular biocoordination polymers a-c, Crystal structures of (a) heterochiral (Rac)-AlaNDI-Zn SBCP (top-left shows the a-axis projection, top-right shows a unit description containing two AlaNDI units in a 1D chain with the chirality description, bottom-left shows a pi-pi stacking scheme with centroid-centroid distances, and the bottom-right shows the chiral configuration in this SBCP), (b) homochiral (S)-AlaNDI-Zn SBCP (top-left shows the a-axis projection, top-right shows a unit description containing one AlaNDI unit in a 1D chain with the chirality description, and bottom shows a pi-pi stacking scheme with centroid-centroid distances) and (c) (R)-AlaNDI-Zn SBCP (top-left shows the a-axis projection, top-right shows a unit description containing one AlaNDI unit in a 1D chain with the chirality description, and bottom shows a pi-pi stacking scheme with centroid-centroid distances). Atom coloring: Zn, thin-purple, C, gray, N, blue, O, red and H, white. Except for the top right figure in each, hydrogen atoms were omitted for clarity. d, Formation energy calculation results for chiral discrimination phenomena in heterochiral SBCPs. The carbon, hydrogen, oxygen, nitrogen and zinc atoms of AlaNDI-Zn SBCPs are colored gray, white, red, blue and navy blue, respectively.

## Chiral self-sorted multifunctional supramolecular biocoordination polymers and their applications in sensors

by Xiaobo Shang, Inho Song, Gwan Yeong Jung, +9

